The total output in 1895 was 1,052,412 tons of 2,000 pounds, as compared with 1,134,507 tons in 1894, a decrease of 82,095 tons.

Collieries.	Coal Raised.	* Home Consumption.	Sold for for export.	Coal on hand 1st Jannary, 1895.
Nanaimo. Wellington. Union	† Tons. 378,782 377,334 296,296	† Tons. 113,287 57,214 40,450	† Tons. 262,441 330,263 254,390	†Tons. 4,040 25,683 13,477
Total	1,052,412	210,951	847,094	43,200

678. The following are details of the production and distribution of British Columbian coal :—

\* Including coal used in the collieries.

+Tons of 2,000 pounds.

The coal is bituminous and of a very high quality, commanding a better price at San Francisco than any United States coal. In an analysis published by the State Mineralogist of California, in 1887, the relative values for steam of British Columbian and Washington Territory coal were given as follows: Wellington, 1,047; Nanaimo, 1,335, and Seattle, 1,330.

679. The next table shows the production of coal in the provinces of Nova Scotia and British Columbia in each year since 1874 :----

PRODUCTION OF COAL IN NOVA SCOTIA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA, 1874 TO 1895.

YEAR.	Nova Scotia.	British Columbia.	Total.
	*Tons.	*Tons.	*Tons.
874	977,446	81,000	1,058,446
875		110,000	984,905
876		139,000	933,803
877		154,000	1,002,395
878		171,000	1,034,081
879	882,863	241,000	1,123,863
880	1,156,635	268,000	1,424,635
881	1,259,182	228,000	1,487,182
882	1,529,708	282,000	1,811,708
883	1,593,259	213,000	1,806,259
884	1,556,010	394,070	1,950,080
885	1,514,470	365,000	1,879,470
886	1,682,924	326,636	2,009,560
887		413,360	2,284,698
888	1,989,263	548,017	2,537,280
889	1,967,032	649,409	2,616,441
890	2,222,081	759,517	2,981,598
891	2,290,158	1,152,588	3,442,746
892	2,175,913	925,495	3,101,408
893	+1,884,638	1,095,689	2,980,327
894	2,464,263	1,134,507	3,598,770
895	\$	1,052,412	3,392,366
Total	34,738,321	10,703,700	45,442,021

\* Tons of 2,000 lbs. + For 9 months only. ‡ Year ended September 30.